

Vocabulary (p.55)

A. Find words from the passage that mean

1. something that exists and can be seen, felt, tasted, etc., especially something unusual or interesting
 2. one of the parts of the earth's surface that move in relation to each other
 3. a system used to measure the strength of an earthquake
 4. a sudden movement of the earth's surface that often follows an earthquake
 5. physical harm or damage to someone's body caused by an accident or an attack
1. phenomenon 2. plate 3. Richter scale 4. aftershock 5. injury

B. Match the items in Column (A) with their synonyms in (B). There is one extra item in (B).

A		B
1. visualize	()	a. tool
2. area	()	b. frighten
3. instrument	()	c. region
4. terrify	()	d. imagine
5. calm	()	e. assemble
		f. quiet

(1.d 2. c 3. a 4.b 5. f)

C. Use the following words to fill in the blanks. There is one extra word.

well-equipped urgent subsided rolling apply released

1. Please in writing to the address below.
2. He was from prison after serving two years of a five-year sentence.
3. We were for the trip.
4. As the pain in my foot, I was able to walk the short distance to the car.
5. Many people are in need of food and water.

D) Use the correct form of the words given to fill in the blanks.

1. Unfortunately the outcome of this kind of treatment can be rather
(unpredict)
2. Admitting you've made a mistake is a sign of, not weakness. (strong)
3. There has been a increase in the number of women students in recent years. (signify)
4. Their policies all emphasize the of wealth. (create)
5. There are procedures for dealing with emergencies. (establish)

1. unpredictable 2. strength 3. significant 4. creation 5. established

Grammar (p.72)

Conditional Sentence Type 1

If + Simple Present, + Simple Future

Example:

*If I **have** enough time, I'll **watch** the football match.*

*If she **studies** for the test, she **will get** a good grade.*

*She **will get** a good grade if she **studies** for the test.*

Conditional Sentence Type 2

if + Simple Past, + would + base verb

Were / Was

In conditional type 2, we usually use in the if clause "**were**" instead of "**was**" even if the pronoun is *I, he, she* or *it*. "**were**" here is a subjunctive form.

NOTE "**was**" is also a possible form.

Example:

*If I **were** a millionaire, I **would buy** a castle.*

Example:

*If I **had** a lot of money, I **would travel** around the world.*

Conditional Sentence Type 3

It is *impossible* that the condition will be met because it refers to the past.

Form:

if + Past Perfect, + would + have + Past Participle
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Use

Conditional Sentences Type 3 refer to situations in the past. They express hypothetical results to past given situations.

Example:

*If he **had been** careful, he **wouldn't have had** that terrible accident.*

*If I **had remembered** to call my friend last night, she **wouldn't have sent** me an angry text message.*

*My friend **wouldn't have sent** me an angry text message if I **had remembered** to call her last night.*

Type	Form	Meaning	Use
Type 1	If he calls me again, I will not answer .	Real Future Possibility	Persuasion, Warnings, Threats
Type 2	If I were rich, I would buy a bigger house	Unreal Future or Present Possibility	Wishes, Advice
Type 3	If I had studied , I would have passed the test.	Unreal Past	Regrets

Grammar Exercises - Conditional sentences (p.74)

Do the exercises below on conditional sentences.

Match the numbers with the letters to form conditional sentences:

1.If I were a millionaire,	a. if I finish early.
2.She wouldn't have had an accident	b. I would buy a beautiful car.
3. I'll watch the film,	c. if she had driven carefully.

Decide which of the sentences below is conditional type 1, 2 & 3 :

1. If I were rich, I would travel around the world.
2. She wouldn't have missed the train if she had woken up earlier.....
3. I'll call you if I come back early.....

Put the verbs in brackets in the correct tense (conditional 1):

1. If I (finish)early, I will call you.
2. I (catch)..... the 9:00 train if I hurry up.
3. She will know the answer, if she (try)to understand.

Put the verbs in brackets in the correct tense (conditional 2):

1. If I (be)..... a star, I would help the needy.
2. He (buy).....a house if he had a job.
3. She (be).....happy, if she married him.

Put the verbs in brackets in the correct tense (conditional 3):

1. If he (be)..... careful, he would not have had that terrible accident.
2. I (pass).....the exam if I had worked hard.
3. Her father would not have died, if he (go).....to the doctor.

Put the verbs in brackets in the correct tense:

1. If I (wake up) early, I'll go jogging.
2. He (visit)..... his uncle, if he finishes early.
3. If she had taken care of her son, he (not/become) a criminal.
4. If I were a star, I (help).....the poor.
5. She would have been top of her class if she (work)..... hard.

C. What is the correct answer? (P.86)

1.If I had had enough money, I that radio .

- a. bought b. would buy c. would have bought d. had bought

2.If it rains, you wet .

- a. will get b. would get c. get d. had got

3.She would go to the Job Centre if she a job .

- a. had wanted b. will want c. wanted d. wants

4 .The dogyou if it hadn't been tied up .

- a. would bite b. will bite c. would have bitten d. bites

5.Iteasy to paint pictures if you knew how to .

- a. would be b. had been c. would have been d. be

6.If I come, I you .

- a. saw b. would see c. will see d. sees

7.Shepleased if you came .

- a. would be b. would have been c. would has been d. was

8.If it, I would stay at home .

- a. rains b. rained c. has rained d. had rained

9.You will catch the train if you earlier.

- a. left b. leaves c. leave d. would leave

10.If hethirsty, he would have drunk some water .

- a. was b. had been c. is d. would